

## Northeast Region Drug Overdose Fact Sheet

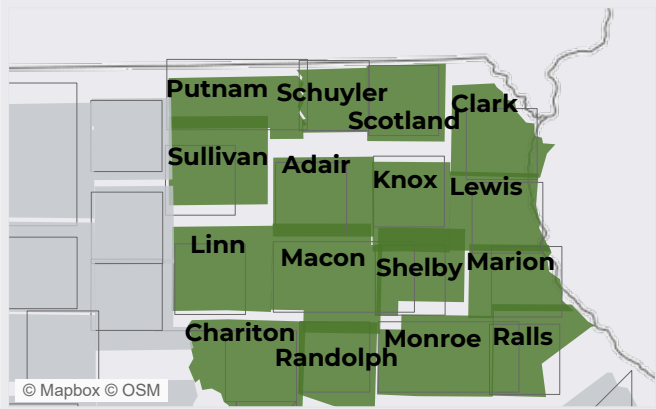
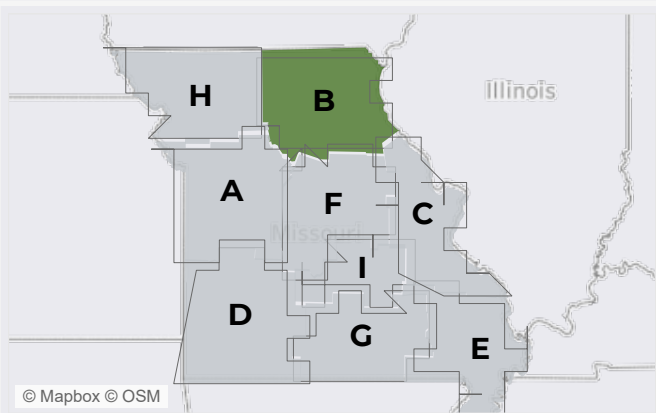
**25**  
**FATAL**  
drug overdoses in 2022  
▼ 19% from 2021

### Regional Fatal Trends

The following visualizations depict trends within LPHA Reporting Group, B.

Figure 2: Drug overdose deaths in the Northeast region have overall risen by 53% since 2018. While Heroin-related drug overdose deaths have decreased, Non-Heroin opioid deaths have increased, with counts more than doubling since 2018.

Figure 3: In the last five years, the majority of drug overdose deaths occurred within the 35-54 age group. When comparing 2018 to 2022, total deaths due to drug overdose increased in every age group except the 15 to 34 age group.



### Nonfatal Trends

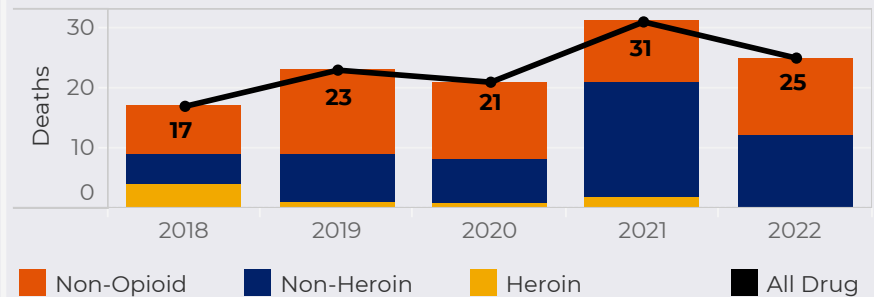
Figure 1: The Northeast region has experienced a decline in both inpatient and ER visits over the five-year period. Drug overdose-related inpatient visits have decreased by 30%, and ER visits have decreased by 29% since 2018.

**Figure 1. Nonfatal All Drug Overdose Health Care Utilization (2018-2022\*)**



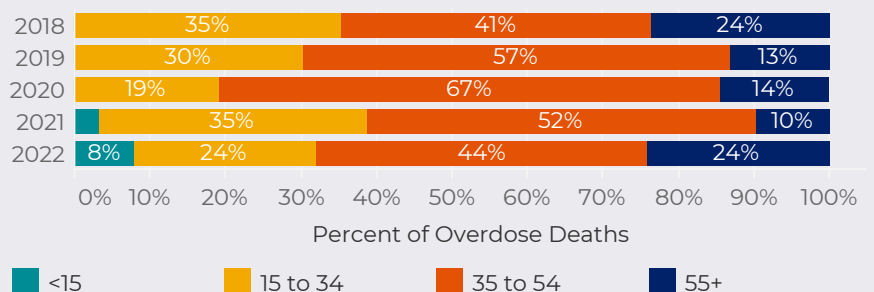
**Figure 2. Fatal Drug Overdoses by Type**

For LPHA Reporting Region B (2018-2022)



**Figure 3. Fatal Drug Overdoses by Age Group**

For LPHA Reporting Region B (2018-2022)



Sources: Nonfatal data available from the Missouri Patient Abstract System. Fatal data available from the Missouri Vital Statistics Death File.

\* Nonfatal 2022 data is provisional and subject to change.